Dairy Opportunities,
Challenges and
Innovation: the KEYS
to the kingdom



MaryAnne Drake





02 WINDS OF CHANGE

03 CHALLENGES

04 OPPORTUNITIES

05 RESEARCH PLATFORMS



Dairy Beverage Trends

Conscious consumption



New processing technologies



High-protein products



Green consumerism continues to grow...

Sustainability includes more than just carbon footprint for consumers

Differences in how industry and consumers define sustainability, and lack of transparent information leaves consumers guessing on how to factor sustainability into their purchases

Schiano and Drake, JDS 2021

ANIMAL-FREE

(cell-based) dairy proteins are a new emerging category

MANY PROTEIN SOURCE OPTIONS

PLANT-BASED proteins

have increased in popularity





DAIRY is still leading, but....





Increasing pressure for SUSTAINABILITY



there is competition from PLANT protein & ANIMAL-FREE dairy protein and a **shift** in PROTEIN TYPE IMPORTANCE



and gaps in consumer KNOWLEDGE

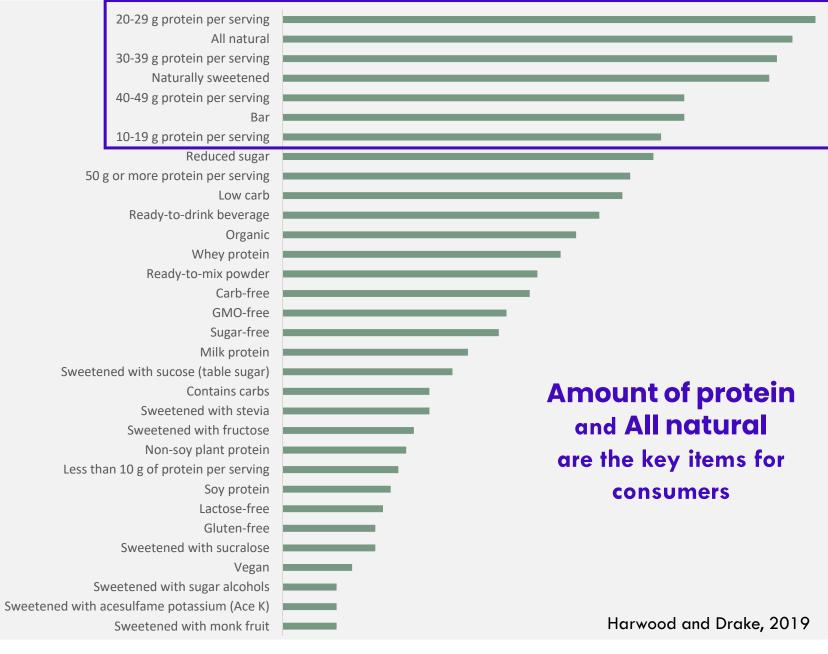
In this changing market... what are the Challenges and Opportunities for DAIRY?



MaxDiff scaling exercise for protein product characteristics

2018

N=1012 consumers



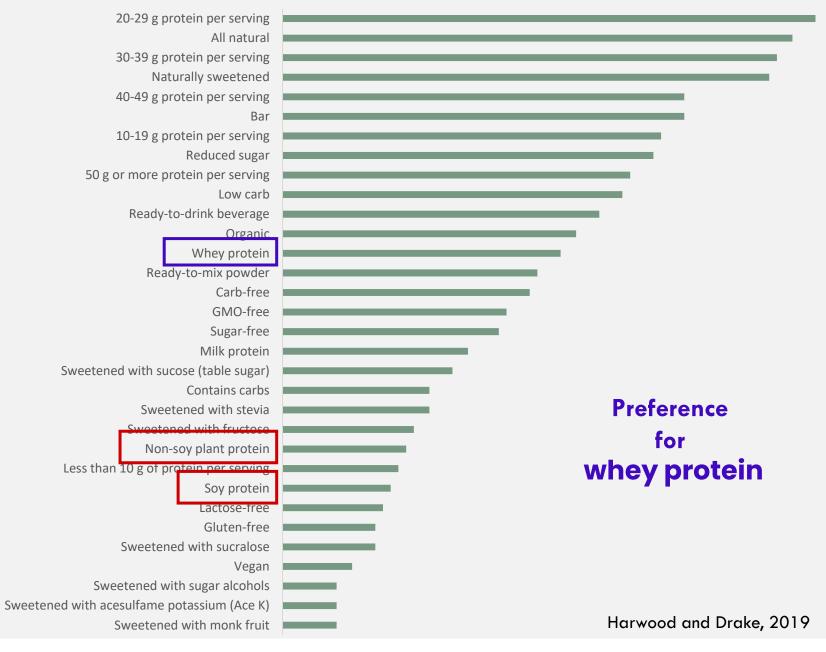


MaxDiff scaling exercise for protein product characteristics

2018

N=1012 consumers

Protein type was a differentiating attribute for consumers

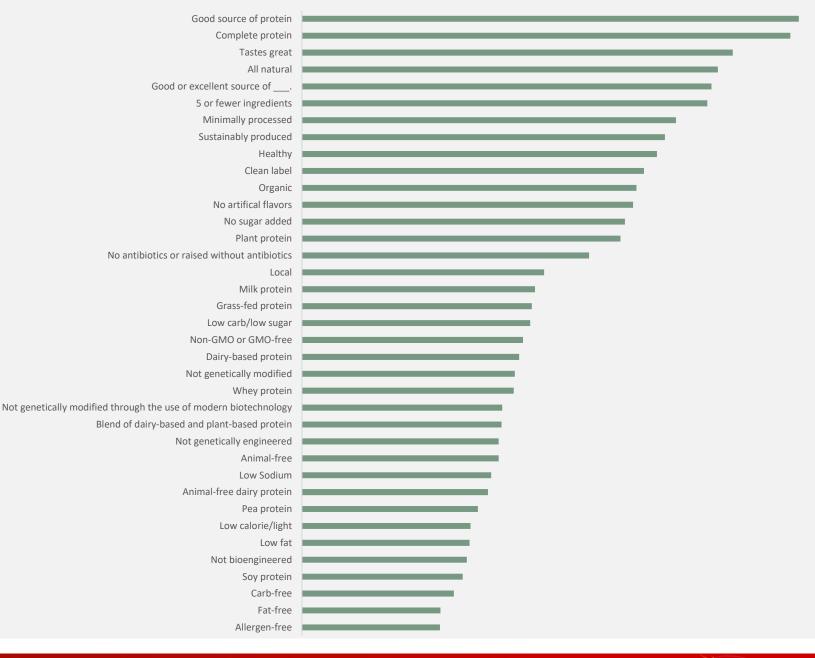




MaxDiff scaling exercise for appealing food product attributes

2021

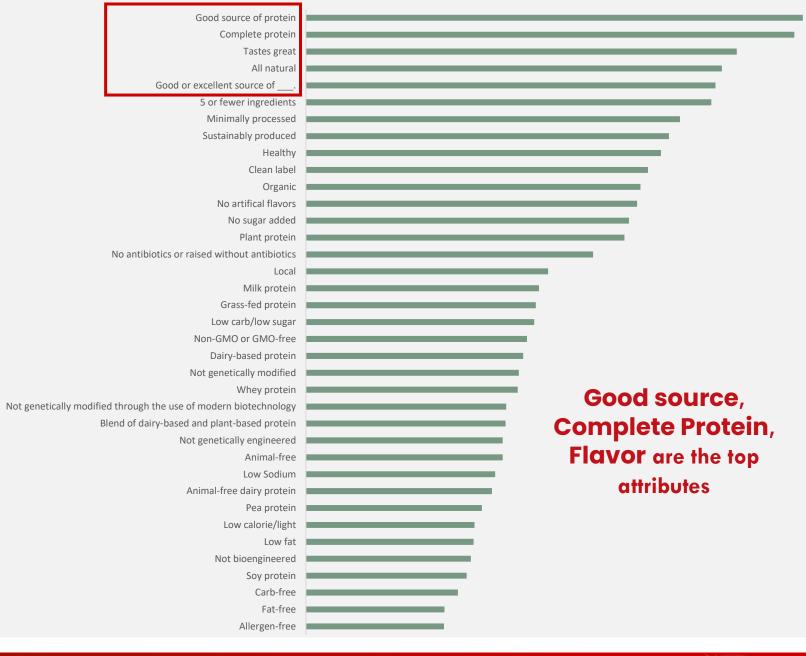
N=536 consumers



MaxDiff scaling exercise for appealing food product attributes

2021

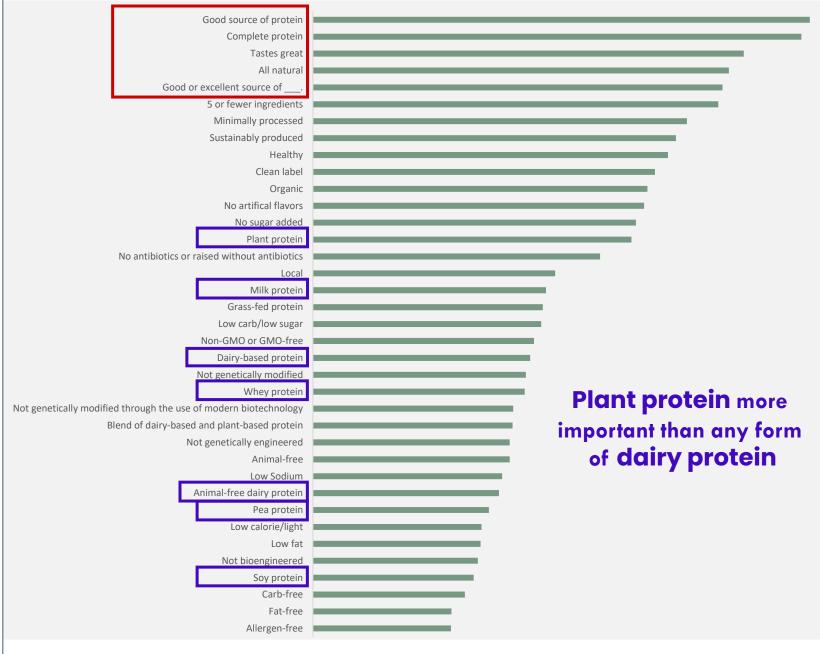
N=536 consumers



MaxDiff scaling exercise for appealing food product attributes

2021

N=536 consumers

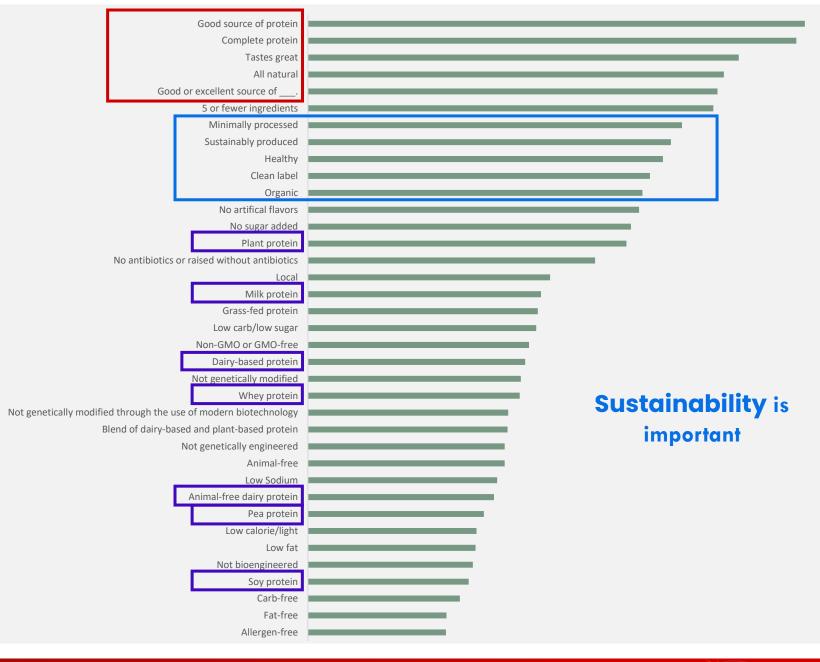




MaxDiff scaling exercise for appealing food product attributes

2021

N=536 consumers

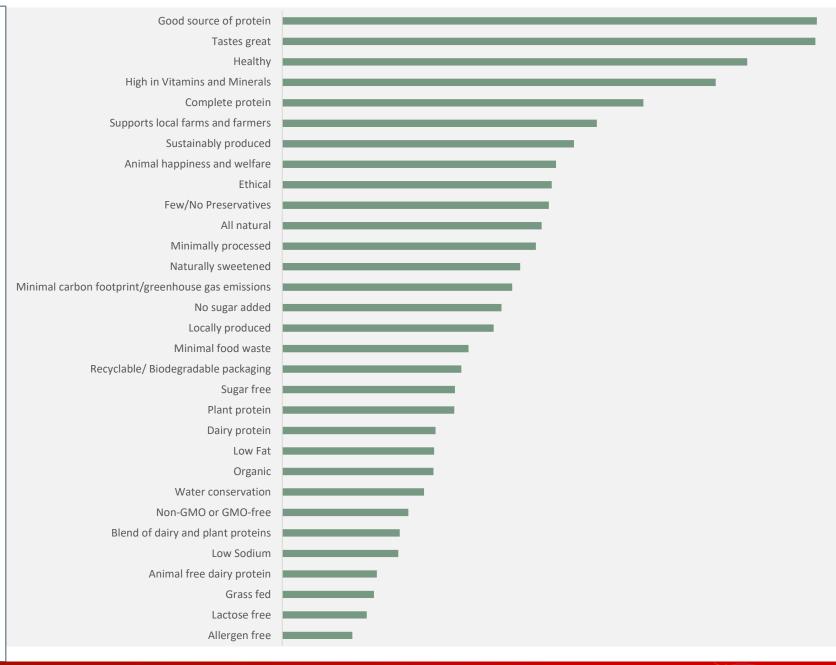




MaxDiff scaling exercise for protein product characteristics

2022

N=541 consumers

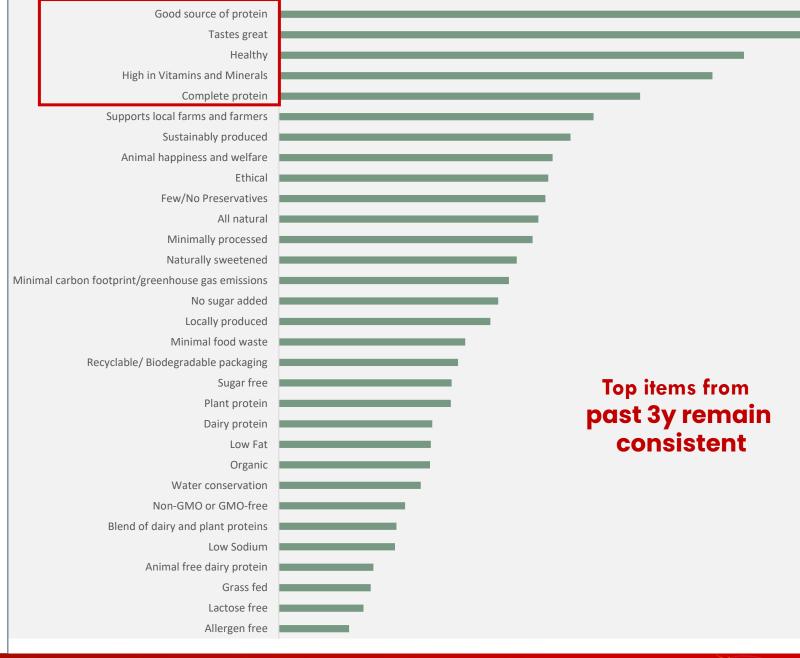


MaxDiff scaling exercise for protein product characteristics

2022

N=541 consumers

Nutrition, Health and Flavor are still important



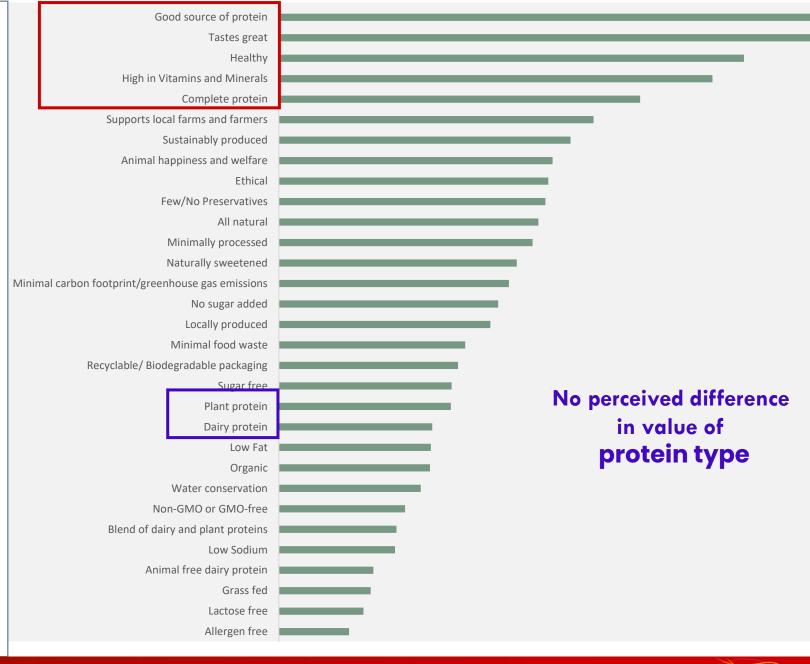
Changes in Consumer Key Protein Product Attributes

MaxDiff scaling exercise for protein product characteristics

2022

N=541 consumers

Nutrition, Health and
Flavor are still important,
but plant vs dairy protein are equal



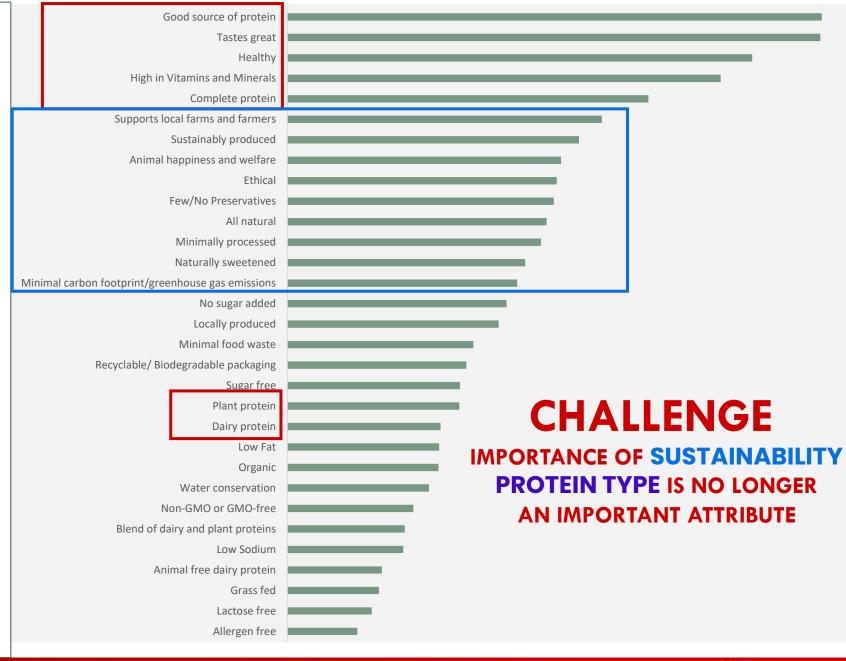
Changes in Consumer Key Protein Product Attributes

MaxDiff scaling exercise for protein product characteristics

2022

N=541 consumers

Increased interest in **sustainability**







Challenge: Rising interest in sustainability plays to plants

What is sustainability to the consumer?









Packaging

Animal Welfare

Environmental Impacts

Simple/Minimal Ingredients

Organic more sustainable than conventional
Plant source universally perceived as more sustainable
No effect for GMO/non-GMO

Schiano et al. 2020 JDS



Challenge: What consumers believe...



Challenge: What Consumers don't know

2% -

of consumers know fluid milk composition

36%

of consumers think
Whey protein is
Plant Protein

22.7g

of

'Good Source of

Protein'

(5-9.5g)

29.6g

consumer belief
of
'High Source
of Protein'
(10g)

7

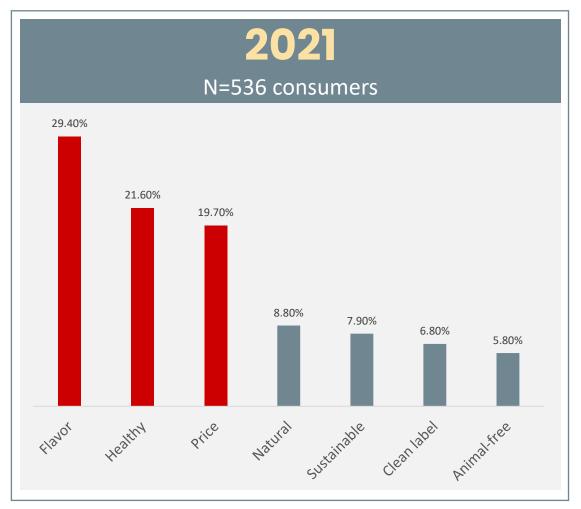
consumers cannot define **Complete Protein**

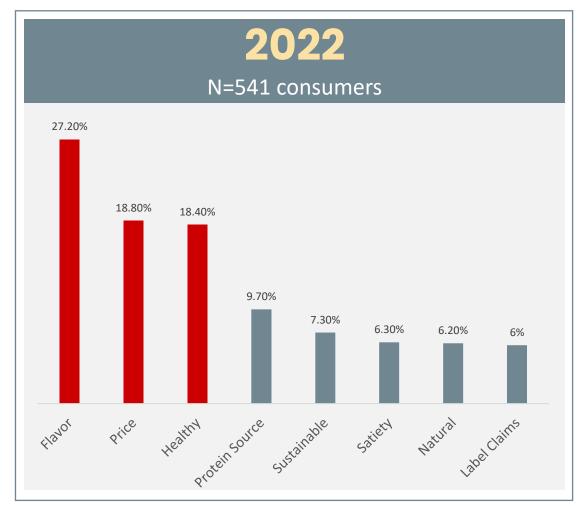
N=1210 consumers, 2020

N=536 consumers, 2021



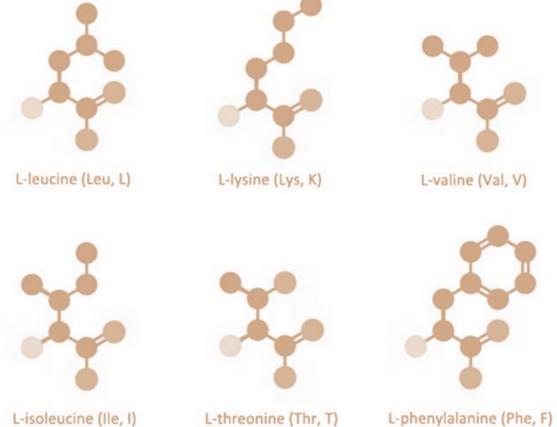
Flavor, price and healthy still rule at the end of the day For now





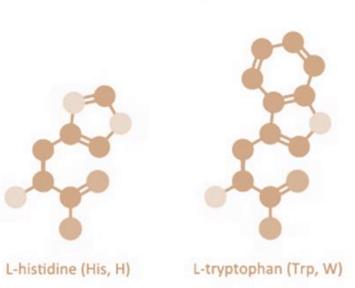
Chip allocation questions: averages are based off a total sum of 100% for the combined attributes.

OPPORTUNITIES





nethionine (Met, M)





Roadmap for DAIRY Opportunities

'play to strengths'









NUTRITION

Dairy is a <u>complete protein</u> and offers more nutritional benefits

EDUCATE

Consumer trust increases with increased knowledge and transparency

CALMING / IMMUNE

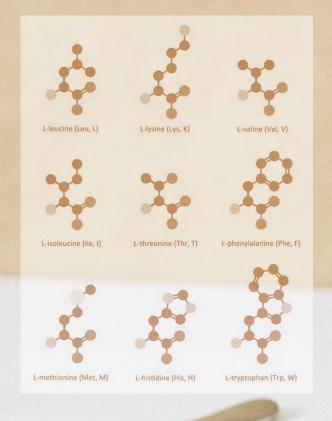
Capitalize on calming and immune benefits for milk and whey proteins in beverages

CLEAN LABEL

Capitalize on dairy protein functionality to minimize ingredient decks on beverages

OPPORTUNITY:

Complete Protein



- 'All the proteins on the market are complete. I don't think there are any incomplete proteins floating around.'
- 'I kind of know, but I don't know how it's healthier. Does it really matter if this is complete?'
- 'Maybe not processed. No additives make it complete. I don't know.'
- 'I was an athlete. I don't remember. For some plants, they are not complete.'
- 'I look for protein supplements. Don't think it matters on my choices.'
- 'That's the amino acids. 7 or 9 amino acids. To be complete, you have to have all of them to be labeled as complete.'

focus groups 2022

<u>Complete Protein</u> is a valuable indicator for dairy protein once consumers are educated of the definition

Opinion prior to Research

- 'I don't think there is technical definition. I think it's a marketing term'
- 'If it comes from an animal (dairy) then it probably is more complete than a plant'
- 'Because milk is [initially] for a calf and they need a lot to grow, I am assuming it is complete unless some of that is removed then making it into whey protein'
- 'My friends who are really into protein always look at the back of labels and tell me that a mix of different proteins are healthier'

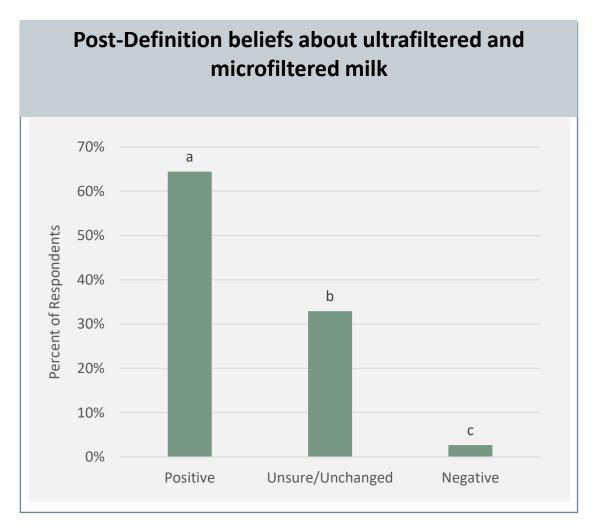
Opinion post Research

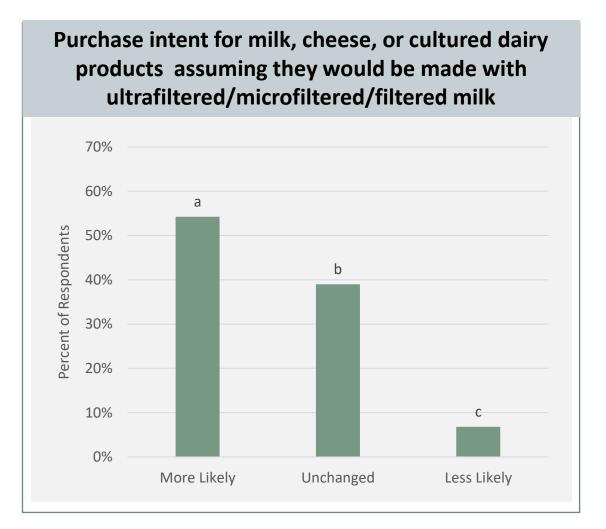
- "Complete and incomplete it is pretty clear. There is a clear definition of it."
- Learning that dairy is a complete protein is a positive for consumers.

focus groups 2022



OPPORTUNITY: Education impacts beliefs





N=1003 respondents unfamiliar with ultrafiltered/microfiltered milk before a definition was provided.

OPPORTUNITY:

Dairy beverages and dairy proteins can seize an opportunity in the current immune/calming need-state landscape

80% of Americans seeking immune boosting foods and supplements (New York Post – SWNS, 2021)

1/3 of Americans have displayed clinical signs of anxiety, depression since pandemic began. (US Census Bureau, 2020)





A third of consumers currently use dairy products for immune health.

| Yes, I use dairy products to improve my immune health | 30.9% |
|--|-------|
| No, I use other products to improve my immune health | 31.0% |
| Not currently using dairy products to improve immune health, but I would like to use dairy products for this benefit | 23.6% |
| l am not trying to improve my immune health | 14.5% |



A third of consumers currently use dairy products for immune health.

Major opportunity lies with the 50%+ of dairy consumers who don't seek dairy for this purpose.

| Yes, I use dairy products to improve my immune health | 30.9% |
|---|-------|
| No, I use other products to improve my immune health | 31.0% |
| Not currently using dairy products to improve | |
| immune health, but I would like to use dairy | 23.6% |
| products for this benefit | |
| I am not trying to improve my immune health | 14.5% |



When it comes to dairy, a product that consumers feel is nutritional, consumers want to learn more about the nutritional components that are inherently present rather than ingredients added for Immune benefits.

Specifically for immune health, consumers need assurance that the messages are coming from a credible source.

Most motivating feature to encourage dairy consumption for immunity (n=410)

| Recommended by My Doctor | 9.6a |
|--|-------|
| Contains Immune-Boosting Protein (lactoferrin, immunoglobulins (IgG), etc.) | 7.4b |
| Scientific Article | 7.3b |
| Contains Antioxidants | 7.2b |
| Contains Live and Active Cultures | 6.4c |
| Contains Prebiotics | 5.3d |
| Fortified with Vitamin C | 5.1de |
| Fortified with Calcium | 4.7ef |
| Recommended by a Friend | 4.6f |
| "Immune-Boosting" Label | 4.5f |
| Contains Extra Protein | 4.4f |
| Contains Herbal Ingredients (Turmeric, Ginger, Ginseng, Chamomile, Lavender, etc.) | 3.7g |
| Contains Folate/Folic Acid | 3.4gh |
| "Anti-Inflammatory" Label | 3.1hi |
| Fortified with Zinc | 2.9i |
| Contains Tea Ingredients (Green Tea, Oolong Tea, Black Tea, Assam Tea, etc.) | 2.7i |
| Contains Honey as an Ingredient | 1.9j |
| Contains DHA | 1.6jk |
| Newspaper/Magazine Article | 1.5jk |
| Online Article | 1.5kl |
| Contains Melatonin | 1.1lm |
| TV News Show Segment | 0.9mn |
| Contains Capsaicin | 0.7no |
| YouTube Video | 0.3op |
| Recommended by a Social Media Personality | 0.2p |



When it comes to dairy, a product that consumers feel is nutritional, consumers want to learn more about the nutritional components that are inherently present rather than ingredients added for Immune benefits.

Specifically for immune health, consumers need assurance that the messages are coming from a credible source.

Most motivating feature to encourage dairy consumption for immunity (n=410)

| Recommended by My Doctor | 9.6a |
|--|-------|
| Contains Immune-Boosting Protein (lactoferrin, | 7.4b |
| immunoglobulins (IgG), etc.) | |
| Scientific Article | 7.3b |
| Contains Antioxidants | 7.2b |
| Contains Live and Active Cultures | 6.4c |
| Contains Prebiotics | 5.3d |
| Fortified with Vitamin C | 5.1de |
| Fortified with Calcium | 4.7ef |
| Recommended by a Friend | 4.6f |
| "Immune-Boosting" Label | 4.5f |
| Contains Extra Protein | 4.4f |
| Contains Herbal Ingredients (Turmeric, Ginger, Ginseng, Chamomile, Lavender, etc.) | 3.7g |
| Contains Folate/Folic Acid | 3.4gh |
| "Anti-Inflammatory" Label | 3.1hi |
| Fortified with Zinc | 2.9i |
| Contains Tea Ingredients (Green Tea, Oolong Tea, Black Tea, Assam Tea, etc.) | 2.7i |
| Contains Honey as an Ingredient | 1.9j |
| Contains DHA | 1.6jk |
| Newspaper/Magazine Article | 1.5jk |
| Online Article | 1.5kl |
| Contains Melatonin | 1.1lm |
| TV News Show Segment | 0.9mn |
| Contains Capsaicin | 0.7no |
| YouTube Video | 0.3op |
| Recommended by a Social Media Personality | 0.2p |



When it comes to dairy, a product that consumers feel is nutritional, consumers want to learn more about the nutritional components that are inherently present rather than ingredients added for Immune benefits.

Specifically for immune health, consumers need assurance that the messages are coming from a credible source.

Most motivating feature to encourage dairy consumption for immunity (n=410)

| Recommended by My Doctor | 9.6a |
|--|----------------|
| Contains Immune-Boosting Protein (lactoferrin, immunoglobulins (lgG), etc.) | 7.4b |
| Scientific Article | 7.3b |
| Contains Antioxidants Contains Live and Active Cultures | 7.2b 6.4c |
| Contains Prebiotics | 5.3d |
| Fortified with Vitamin C Fortified with Calcium | 5.1de 4.7ef |
| Recommended by a Friend "Immune-Boosting" Label | 4.6f 4.5f |
| Contains Extra Protein | 4.4f |
| Contains Herbal Ingredients (Turmeric, Ginger, Ginseng, Chamomile, Lavender, etc.) | 3.7g |
| Contains Folate/Folic Acid "Anti-Inflammatory" Label | 3.4gh 3.1hi |
| Fortified with Zinc | 2.9i |
| Contains Tea Ingredients (Green Tea, Oolong Tea, Black Tea, Assam Tea, etc.) | 2.7i |
| Contains Honey as an Ingredient | 1.9j |
| Contains DHA | 1.6jk |
| Newspaper/Magazine Article | 1.5jk |
| Online Article | 1.5kl |
| Contains Melatonin | 1.1lm |
| TV News Show Segment | 0.9mn |
| Contains Capsaicin | 0.7no |
| YouTube Video | 0.3op |
| Recommended by a Social Media Personality | 0.2p |



Calming is personal, so the anticipated enjoyment and stress relief comes from <u>sensory cues</u> rather than messaging.

But messages around ingredients consumers know to be calming like herbs, tea, and melatonin can be positive, as long as the messages are coming from a credible source.

Most motivating feature to encourage consumption of dairy foods for calming (N=458)

| Recommended by My Doctor | 10.5 |
|--|------|
| Recommended by a Mental Health Professional | 9.6 |
| Scientific Article | 7.8 |
| Tastes Great | 7.8 |
| Contains Herbal Ingredients (Turmeric, Ginger, Ginseng, Chamomile, Lavender, etc.) | 6.80 |
| Recommended by a Friend | 6.10 |
| Tastes Indulgent | 5.8 |
| Contains Melatonin | 5.7e |
| Contains Tea Ingredients (Green Tea, Oolong Tea, Black Tea, Assam Tea, etc.) | 5.3 |
| Contains CBD (Cannabidiol) | 4.3 |
| Contains Live and Active Cultures | 4.3 |
| Contains Spice Ingredients (cinnamon, nutmeg, etc.) | 4 |
| Contains Prebiotics | 3.5 |
| Contains Honey as an Ingredient | 3.3 |
| Creamy Mouthfeel | 3.2 |
| Contains Alcohol | 1.8 |
| Newspaper/Magazine Article | 1.7 |
| Online Article | 1.7 |
| TV News Show Segment | 1.1 |
| YouTube Video | 0.5 |
| Recommended by a Social Media Personality | 0.2 |





Calming is personal, so the anticipated enjoyment and stress relief comes from <u>sensory cues</u> rather than messaging.

But messages around ingredients consumers know to be calming like herbs, tea, and melatonin can be positive, as long as the messages are coming from a credible source.

Most motivating feature to encourage consumption of dairy foods for calming (N=458)

| Recommended by My Doctor | 10.5a |
|--|-------|
| Recommended by a Mental Health Professional | 9.6b |
| Scientific Article | 7.8c |
| Tastes Great | 7.8c |
| Contains Herbal Ingredients (Turmeric, Ginger, Ginseng, Chamomile, Lavender, etc.) | 6.8d |
| Recommended by a Friend | 6.1e |
| Tastes Indulgent | 5.8e |
| Contains Melatonin | 5.7ef |
| Contains Tea Ingredients (Green Tea, Oolong Tea, Black Tea, Assam Tea, etc.) | 5.3f |
| Contains CBD (Cannabidiol) | 4.3g |
| Contains Live and Active Cultures | 4.3g |
| Contains Spice Ingredients (cinnamon, nutmeg, etc.) | 4g |
| Contains Prebiotics | 3.5h |
| Contains Honey as an Ingredient | 3.3h |
| Creamy Mouthfeel | 3.2h |
| Contains Alcohol | 1.8i |
| Newspaper/Magazine Article | 1.7i |
| Online Article | 1.7i |
| TV News Show Segment | 1.1j |
| YouTube Video | 0.5k |
| Recommended by a Social Media Personality | 0.2k |



OPPORTUNITY: Capitalize on the inherent properties of dairy foods

| IMMUNE BOOSTING | | | | CALMING | | |
|---|---|---|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| NEW FORMATS | NEW MESSAGING | LINE EXTENSIC | DNS | LINE EXTENSIONS | NEW MESSAGING | NEW FORMATS |
| Connect flavor offering with unique nutritional ingredients Focus on whole health with high protein, fiber, low calorie +vitamins & minerals | Avoid over commitment Claims congruency with brand image is critical for immune boosting | Elderberry Honey Turmeric Probiotics Kombucha | Brand Specific Current Products | Cheesecake Semi-sweet Herbal tea | Exaggerate creaminess of product Communicate 'better' nutritionals, but avoid 'reduced' | Unique textures ex. French, Swedish, froth Promote slow consumption Sparkling 'carbonated' mouthfeel |
| 'Real' fruit (crispy not fruit prep) + dairy combos | Elaborate on credibility | Ginger | 4~0 | Fruit + treat | Message for 'slow consumption' | Lower fat & calorie % same taste |



OPPORTUNITY: High Demand on High Protein Products

- Global protein market valued at 38.5 million in 2020 and projected to grow
- Nutritional drinks market continue to grow steadily and have strong consumer penetration (Mintel, 2022)
- 42% of consumers are making eating healthy a higher priority as a result of COVID-19 (Mintel, 2020)
- 8.6 million conversations about protein (95% positive) across Instagram, Pinterest and Twitter from Oct 2019 to Sep 2020 (Infegy, 2020)



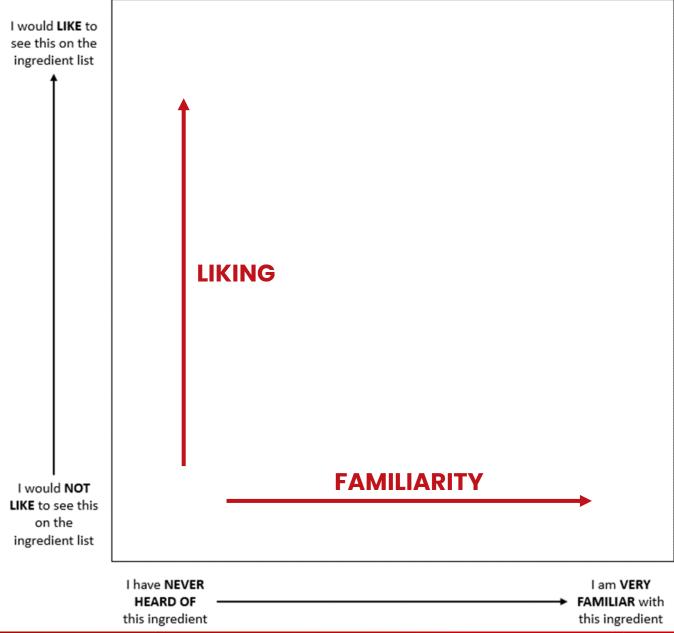
But what ingredients do consumers want in their high protein beverages?



MaxDiff Scaling &
Projective Mapping exercise
for appealing protein
beverage ingredients

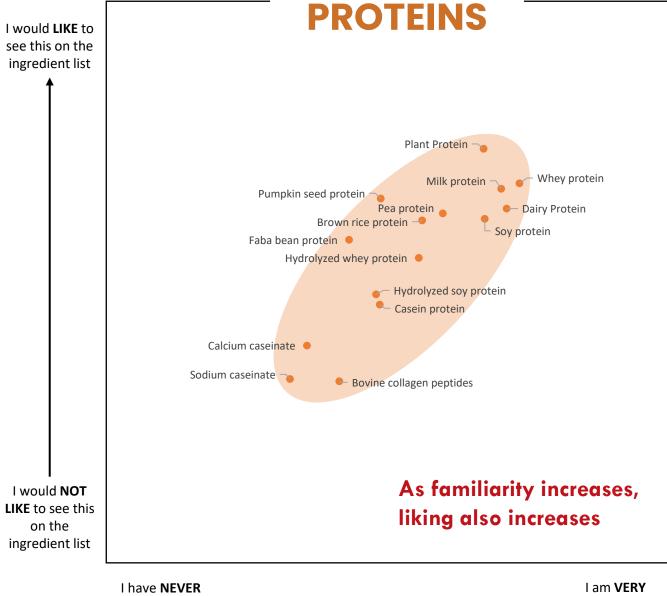
2023

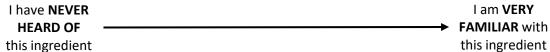
N=400 consumers



PROTEINS

| Plant protein | DAIRY & | 53.6a |
|--------------------|---------|--------|
| Whey protein | | 48.9b |
| Milk protein | PLANT | 43.5c |
| Pumpkin seed pro | otein | 42.7cd |
| Dairy protein | | 41.8cd |
| Pea protein | | 39.3de |
| Brown rice protein | า | 35.8ef |
| Soy protein | | 33.6f |
| Faba bean protei | n | 28.1g |
| Hydrolyzed whey | protein | 26.0g |
| Casein protein | | 20.0h |
| Calcium caseinate | e | 17.3h |
| Hydrolyzed soy p | rotein | 16.5h |
| Bovine collagen p | eptides | 8.4i |
| Sodium caseinate | 9 | 6.5i |

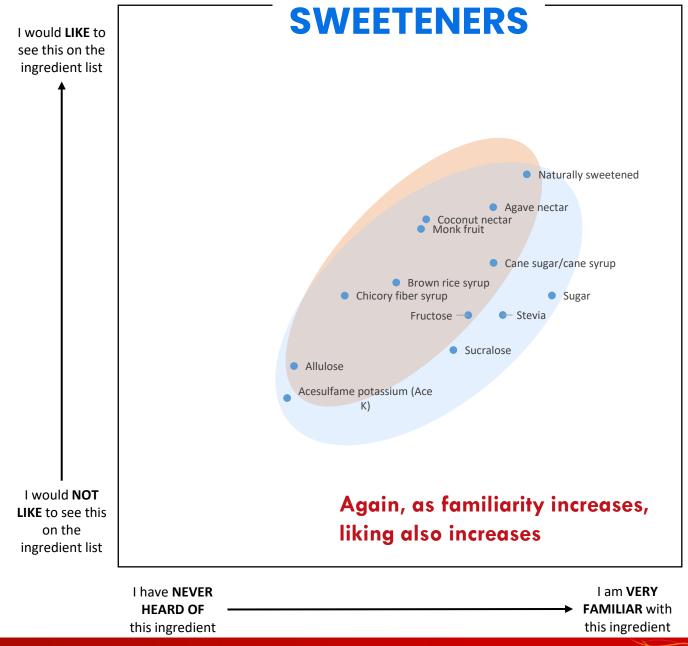






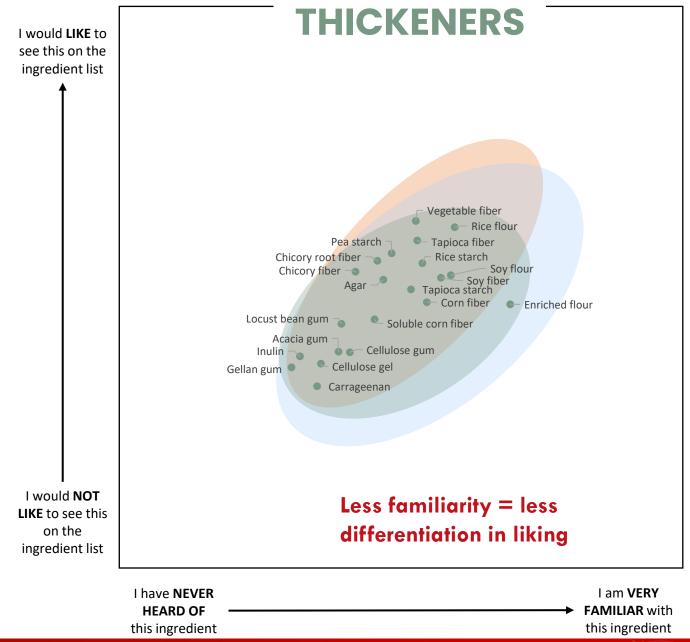
SWEETENERS

| <u> </u> | <u>. </u> |
|------------------------------|--|
| Naturally sweetened | 56.8a |
| Agave nectar | 49.5b |
| Monk fruit | 41.6c |
| Cane sugar/cane syrup | 39.7c |
| Coconut nectar | 39.4c |
| Sugar | 33.0d |
| Brown rice syrup | 27.0e |
| Stevia | 23.7ef |
| Chicory fiber syrup | 20.0fg |
| Fructose | 17.1g |
| Sucralose | 12.4h |
| Allulose | 12.0h |
| Acesulfame potassium (Ace K) | -0.2i |
| | |



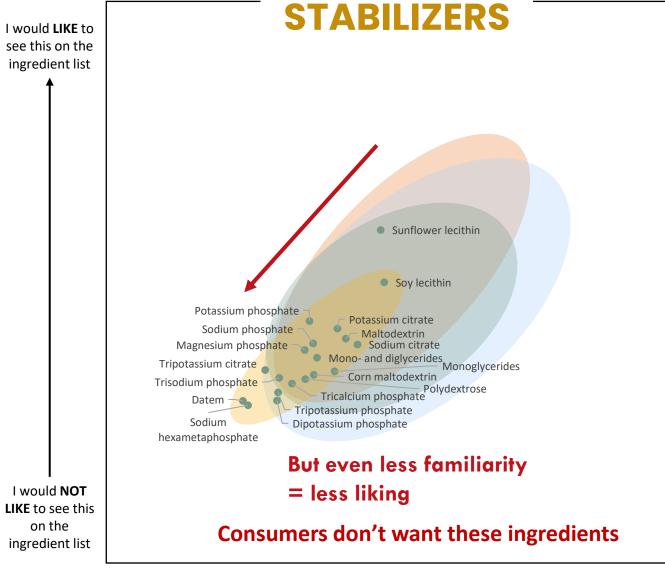
THICKENERS

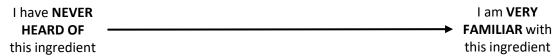
| Vegetable fiber | | 57.4a |
|--------------------|------------|---------|
| Tapioca fiber | | 49.6b |
| Rice flour | | 49.5b |
| Pea starch | | 46.5bc |
| Tapioca starch | FIBERS & | 46.3bc |
| Rice starch | STARCHES | 43.7cd |
| Soy fiber | STARCHES | 40.9de |
| Chicory root fiber | | 40.4de |
| Chicory fiber | | 39.8de |
| Soy flour | | 37.7ef |
| Agar | | 35.2fg |
| Corn fiber | | 35.2fg |
| Enriched flour | | 32.4gh |
| Soluble corn fiber | | 32.0gh |
| Acacia gum | | 29.4h |
| Locust bean gum | GUM & GELS | 20.8i |
| Cellulose gum | | 19.8ij |
| Cellulose gel | | 19.1ijk |
| Inulin | | 17.2ijk |
| Carrageenan | | 15.9jk |
| Gellan gum | | 15.3k |



STABILIZERS

| Sunflower lecithin | 68.5a |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Soy lecithin | 49.6b |
| Potassium citrate | 48.2bc |
| Potassium phosphate | 45.6bc |
| Magnesium phosphate | 43.9c |
| Sodium citrate | 38.9d |
| Monoglycerides | 35.3de |
| Corn maltodextrin | 34.5de |
| Tripotassium citrate | 34.4def |
| Maltodextrin | 34.2defg |
| Tricalcium phosphate | 34.0efg |
| Sodium phosphate | 33.6efg |
| Dipotassium phosphate | 31.5efg |
| Mono- and diglycerides | 31.1efg |
| Tripotassium phosphate | 29.6fg |
| Polydextrose | 29.4g |
| Trisodium phosphate | 23.8h |
| Datem | 22.5h |
| Sodium hexametaphosphate | 12.6i |
| Anchor | 0.0j |
| | |





Protein beverages and consumer desires

- Desirable flavor, texture, appearance, and clean label/simple ingredients are key consumer attributes that dairy proteins can deliver
 - Understand how processing parameters impact flavor of beverages
 - Understand how <u>processing parameters</u> impact **functionality** of beverages
 - Understand how <u>added ingredients</u> affect beverage functionality and build functionality of milk components to eliminate the need for other added ingredients

Fluid Milk Beverages



Milk research continuum

A PLATFORM APPROACH



MILK BEVERAGE PLATFORM





Milk Beverage Platform

LOOKING BACK

The influence of UP by indirect versus direct steam injection on skim and 2% milk (Lee et al. 2017)

Flavor chemistry difference among milk processes by HTST or UP. (Jo et al. 2018)

Identification of source of volatile sulfur compounds produced during thermal processing of milk (Jo et al. 2019)

Hunter vs CIE color measurement systems for analysis of milk based beverages. (Cheng et al. 2019)

Effects of milk fat, casein, and serum protein concentrations on sensory properties of milk-based beverages (Cheng et al. 2019)

MILK

BEVERAGES

LOOKING FORWARD

Reducing sugar in school lunch chocolate milk (Nakamura et al.)

Milkfat preference in unflavored and chocolate milk (Keefer et al.)

Role of packaging on unflavored and chocolate milk flavor. (Cadwallader et al.)

Role of complete lactose removal, fat and protein on physical and sensory properties of milk beverages (Hernandez et al.)

Role of cooling and storage on the flavor of aseptic milk (Cadwallader et al.)





Milk Beverage Platform

LOOKING BACK

The influence of UP by indirect versus direct steam injection on skim and 2% milk (Lee et al. 2017)

Flavor chemistry difference among milk processes by HTST or UP. (Jo et al. 2018)

Identification of source of volatile sulfur compounds produced during thermal processing of milk (Jo et al. 2019)

Hunter vs CIE color measurement systems for analysis of milk based beverages. (Cheng et al. 2019)

Effects of milk fat, casein, and serun protein concentrations on sensory properties of milk-based beverages (Cheng et al. 2019)

LOOKING FORWARD

Reducing sugar in school lunch chocolate milk (Nakamura et al.)

Milkfat preference in unflavored and chocolate milk (Keefer et al.)

Role of packaging on unflavored and chocolate milk flavor.
(Cadwallader et al.)

Role of complete lactose removal, fat and protein on physical and sensory properties of milk beverages (Hernandez et al.)

Role of cooling and storage on the flavor of aseptic milk (Cadwallader et al.)

MILK BEVERAGES







Delivering desirable milk beverages

Understand how reducing

sugar impacts acceptance

 The role of sugar reduction on flavor and acceptance of school lunch milk





School lunch chocolate milk that tastes great and has low or no added sugar!

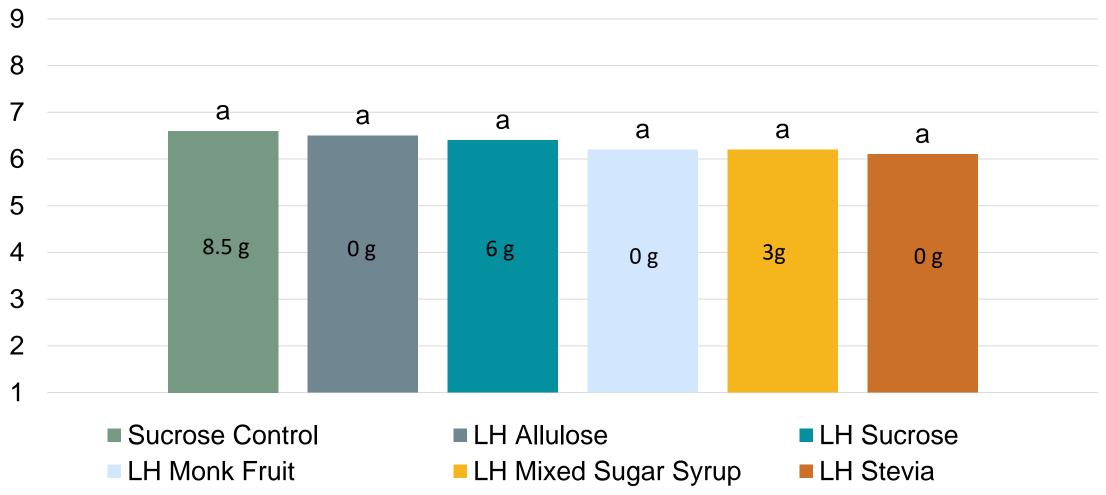
OBJECTIVE

Reduce sugar in school lunch chocolate milk 240 mL serving = 8.5 g <u>added</u> sugar



Consumer Acceptance of lactose *hydrolyzed* chocolate milks







Practical Application

Great tasting school lunch milk that is lactose free and has no added sugar





Delivering desirable milk beverages

Understand how reducing sugar impacts acceptance

 The role of sugar reduction on flavor and acceptance of school lunch milk 2

Understand how package and storage impact aseptic milk flavor

 The role of package and storage temperature on flavor of aseptic milk



Improving the flavor of aseptic milk

OBJECTIVE

Determine the impact of storage temperature of 1% aseptic milk on physical and sensory properties

Aseptic milk receives a similar DSI time/temp to ultrapasteurized milk but tastes quite distinct

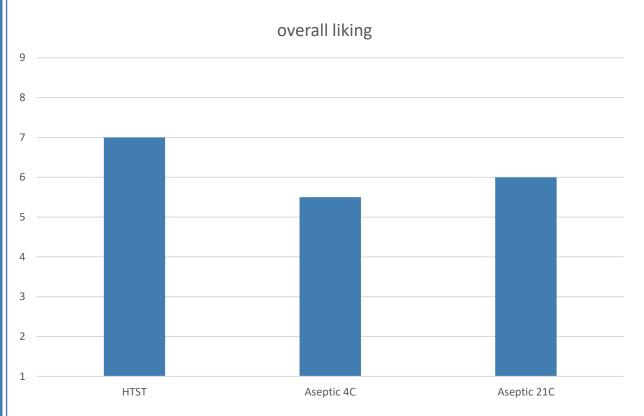
- Are the differences due to storage time or storage temperature?
- Aseptic milk is filled warm and not cooled; UP milk is filled and chilled

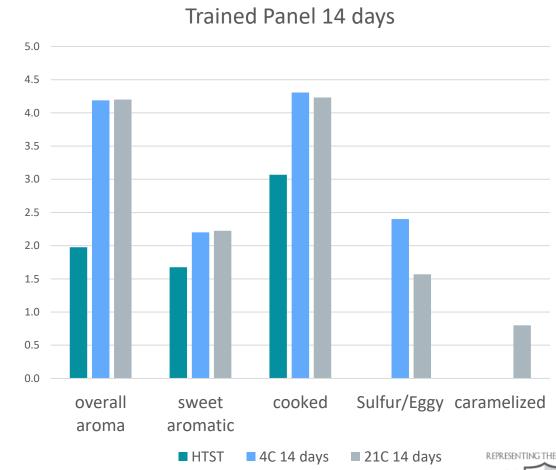


Accomplishing this experiment, was no small effort

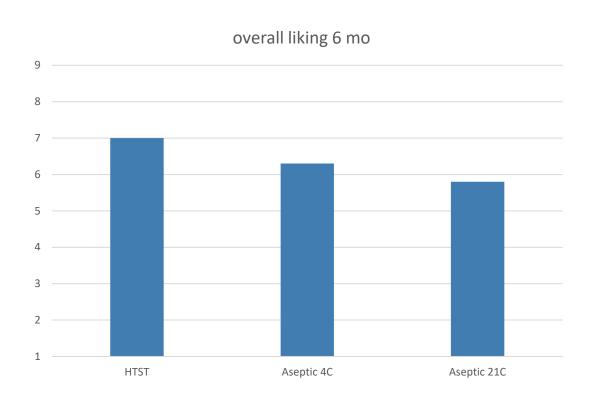


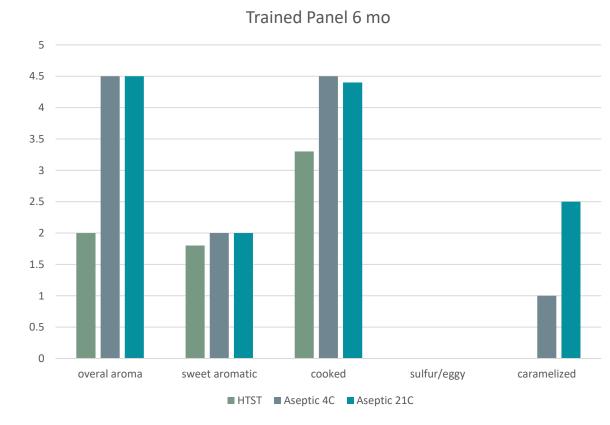
Aseptic milk flavor at 14 days





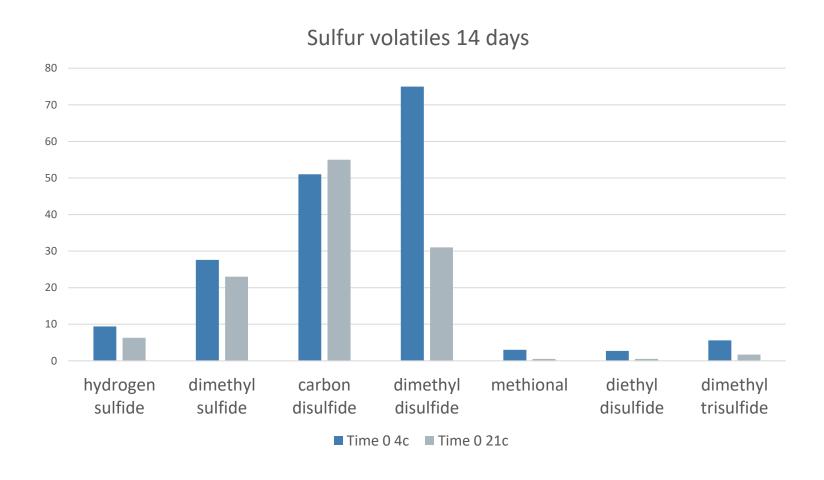
Aseptic milk flavor at 6 mo







Sulfur volatiles impacted by storage temperature





Practical Application

Shelf stable milk that tastes great and meets consumer needs for convenience and sustainability





Delivering desirable milk beverages

Understand how reducing sugar impacts acceptance

 The role of sugar reduction on flavor and acceptance of school lunch milk 2

Understand how package and storage impact aseptic milk flavor

 The role of package and storage temperature on flavor of aseptic milk 5

Understand how processing and composition impact flavor

 The role of complete lactose removal, fat and protein on physical and sensory properties of milk beverages





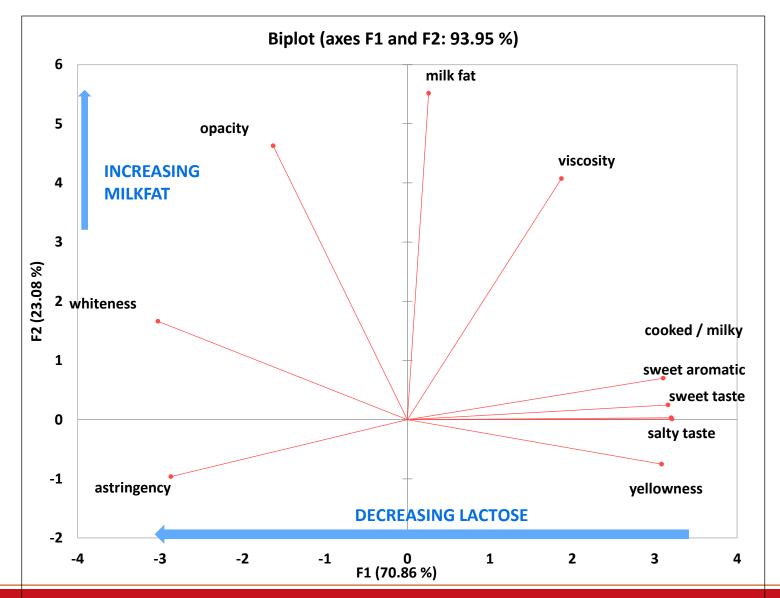
Milk beverages that are lactose free

OBJECTIVE

Determine the impact of full lactose removal by UF, fat and protein on sensory and physical properties of milk



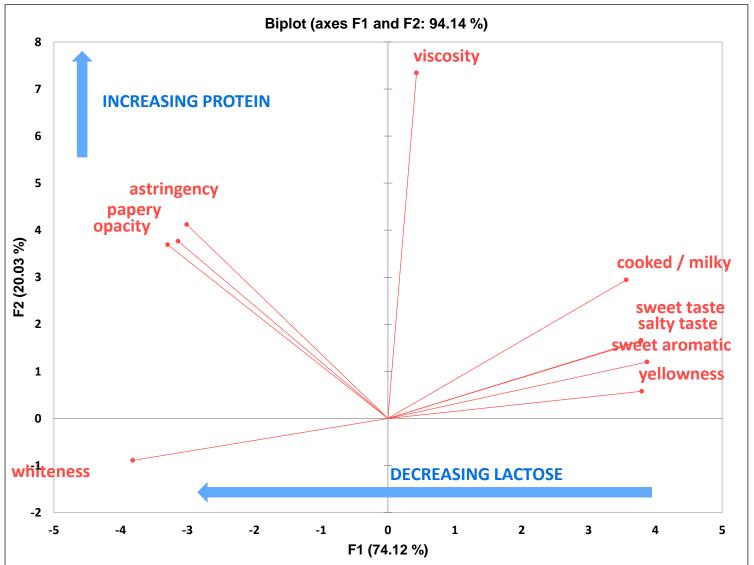
Exp. 1 — Fat impacts flavor & appearance



- Lactose removal increased appearance/whiteness and astringent mouthfeel
- Lactose removal decreased cooked/milky, sweet aromatic, sweet and salty tastes
- As milkfat percentage increased so did milkfat, cooked/milky and viscosity



Exp. 2 – Protein impacts flavor & appearance



- Lactose removal increased whiteness and astringency
- Lactose removal decreased cooked/milky, sweet aromatic, sweet and salty tastes
- As protein percentage increased so did opacity, papery, viscosity, and astringency



Practical Application

Lactose free milk beverages can be manufactured by removal of lactose using ultrafiltration (UF)

 Produce a wide range of sensory properties and nutrients to consume as-is or as a lactose free (and sugar free) base for manufacture of flavored milks.



DAIRY PROTEIN BEVERAGE PLATFORM





Dairy Protein Beverage Platform

LOOKING BACK

Effect of dairy protein type (MPC and MCC) on beverage flavor and physiochemical properties (Vogel et al. 2021)

Viscosity and gel formation of MCC (Dunn et al. 2021)

Effect of MCC purity on sulfur eggy flavor in protein beverages (Whitt, Pranata et al. 2022)

DAIRY PROTEIN BEVERAGES

LOOKING FORWARD

Role of mineral composition, pH and added minerals on heat stability of milk protein

Dipotassium phosphate impact on milk beverage viscosity and color (Hoyt and Pranata et al.)

The impact of hot and cold UF on mineral balance and heat stability on MPC (Truong et al.)

Physical properties heat stability of lactose free miceller casein concentrated model beverages

The role of retort vs. DSI UP on physical and sensory qualities of protein beverages (Liu et al.)

REPRESENTING THE DAIRY BE



Delivering desirable <u>protein</u> beverages



Understand how processing impacts flavor

 Dipotassium phosphate impact on beverage physical properties



Protein Beverage Additives

Often added to improve mouthfeel and heat stability

Common additives

Hydrocolloids

Group of polysaccharides and proteins that either provide texture (thickening agent) or produce a gel network (gelling agent) that can suspend small particles and can increase viscosity of a food system (Fallourd and Viscione, 2009; Williams and Phillips, 2009)

Consumers do not want these ingredients!

Dipotassium phosphate

(**DKP**: K₂HPO₄) is a common ingredient used in dairy creamers processed under UHT conditions to prevent changes in coagulation (National Center for Biotechnology Information, 2022)

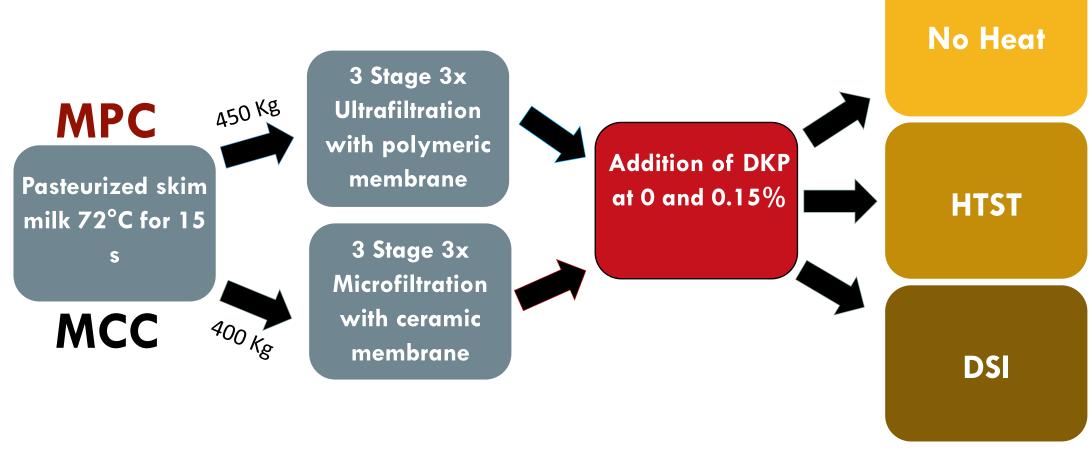
Calcium Chelators

Bind calcium and prevent protein aggregation (de Kort et al., 2012)





Experimental Design





Beverage Processing

No Heat

 Beverages received no heat treatment after filtration and addition of DKP

HTST Processing

• 72°C for 15 seconds

DSI Processing

• 140°C for 2.3 seconds



Practical application and future work

The findings from the study may be useful for beverage manufacturers in the formulation of clean label dairy protein beverages. **DKP is not needed at 7.5% protein.**



Future work

- The role of phosphates and other salts in high protein beverages
- Clean label approaches to control viscosity and protein aggregate particle size in shelf-stable high protein milk based beverages.



OPPORTUNITIES:Moving Forward

Tremendous opportunities exist for positioning of dairy foods to deliver what consumers STILL want

- Flavor and functionality
- Minimal ingredients/clean label
- Nutrition
- Education, messaging, positioning











Dairy Beverage Platform: Moving Forward

Ongoing work:

- Clean label milk and milk protein beverages
 - Processing parameters to optimize flavor and functionality
- Consumer messaging:
 - Clean label
 - Local
 - Dairy Education (virtual vs on farm)

Acknowledgements

Collaborator:Dave Barbano, Cornell
University





Acknowledgements







