University of California Agriculture and Natural Resources



Managing Dairy Manure in the Central Valle CALIFORNIA California

Georgia Dairy Producer Conference January 20-22, Savannah

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"As California goes, so goes the nation"





Dairy producers are

Creative

Gifted

Ingenious

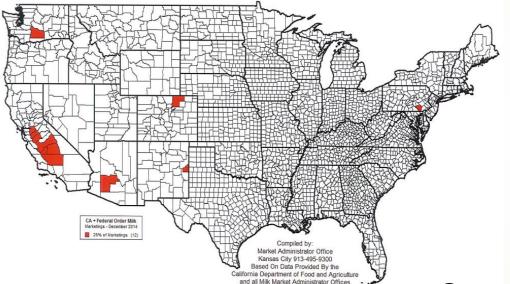
Innovative

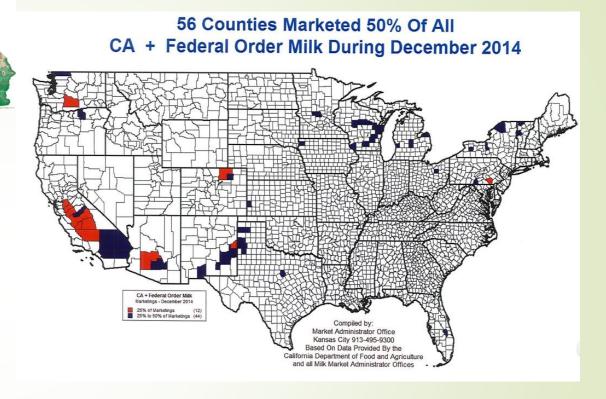
Resilient

Inventive

Imaginative

12 Counties Marketed 25% Of All
CA + Federal Order Milk During December 2014

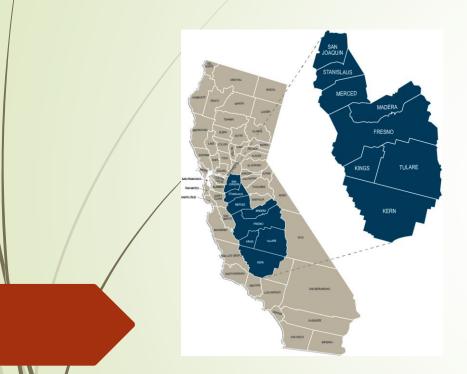




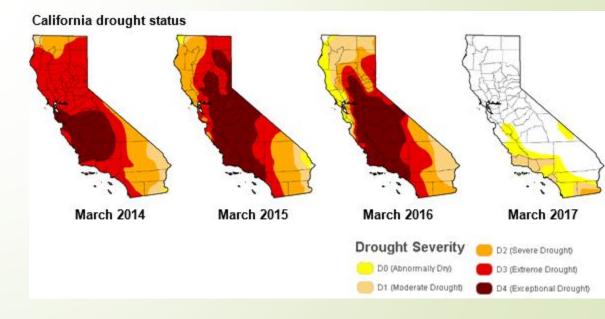
San Joaquin Valley 8 counties

- c. 1050 dairies
- c. 90% CA cows

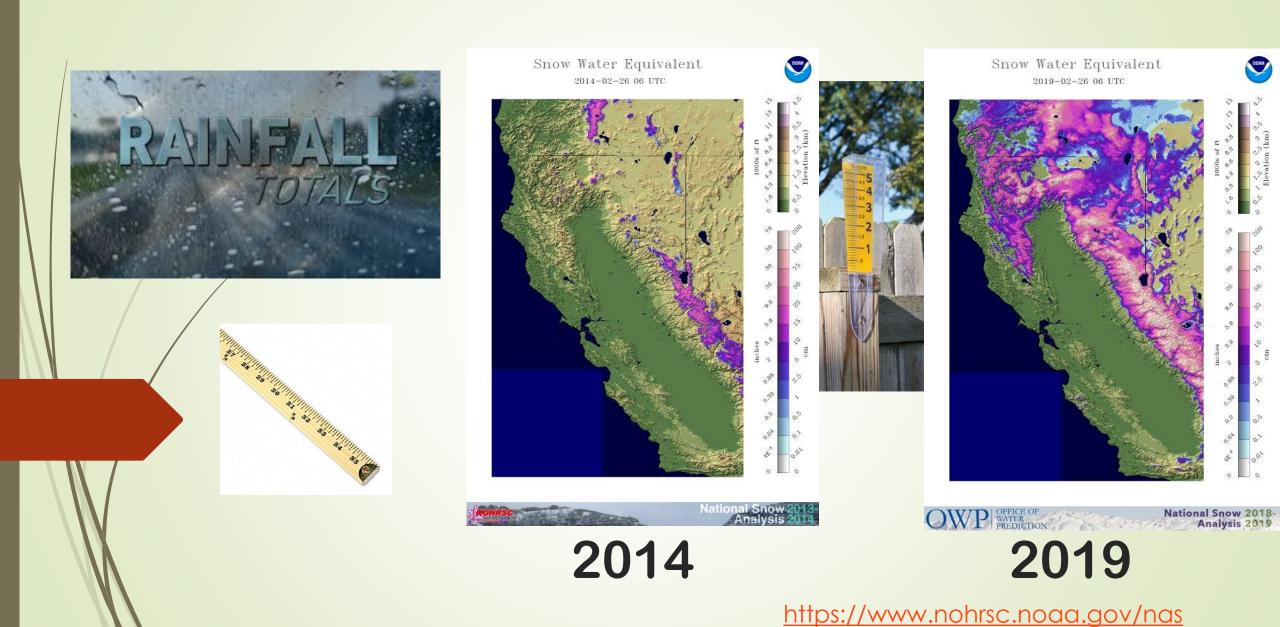
Uncertain water future



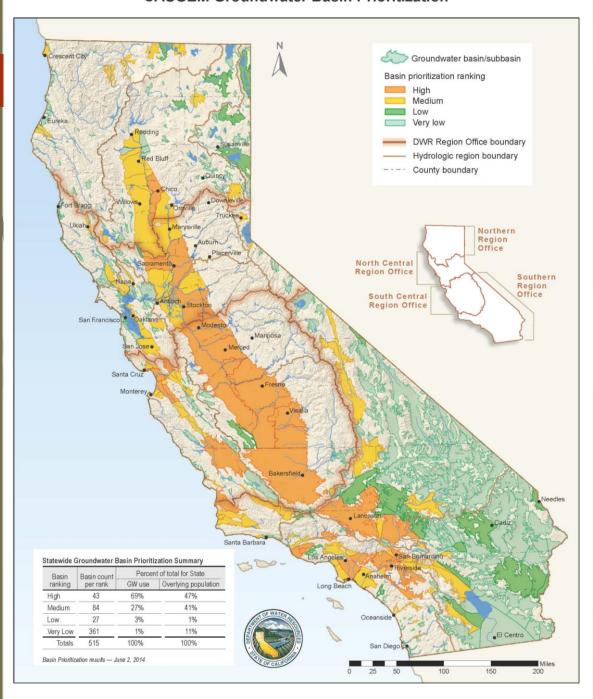




Uncertain Rain/Snow fall



CASGEM Groundwater Basin Prioritization



Sustainable Groundwater Management Act SGMA





Groundwater-Level Declines



Land Subsidence

Extensive groundwater withdrawals from aquifer systems have caused land subsidence in many California basins. Land subsidence can damage structures such as wells,



Groundwater-Storage Reductions

evel and on nt nt of

flood

oblems in

Long-term declines in groundwater levels, if predominant of within a basin and not offset by rising groundwater levels,

Medium & High priority basins-

- √ Form Groundwater sustainability agency (2017)
- ✓ Develop ('22) -- implement plan ('40)

I'm thinking about changing manure management



Does waste character, location, volume or air emissions change?

Yes, gather patience





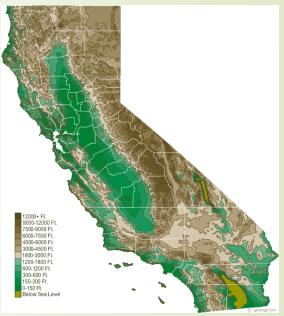


Ground and surface waters



Ambient air quality standards (particulate matter, volatile organic compounds, ammonia)

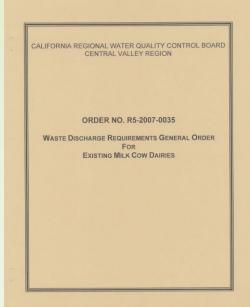




Greenhouse gas emissions (MANURE, enteric)









Protect surface water
Protect GROUNDWATER

Nitrogen applied:Nitrogen removed ≤ 1.4 crop N use efficiency 71%
Monitor and report all applications to fields

Applies to all dairies in Valley





Each dairy:

- Waste Management Plan (WMP)
- Nutrient Management Plan (NMP)

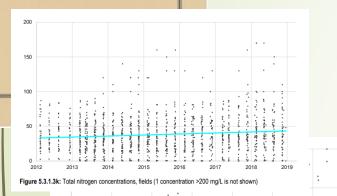


Do these work??

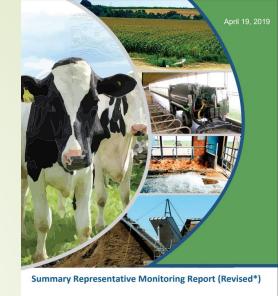
CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD
CENTRAL VALLEY REGION

ORDER NO. R5-2007-0035

WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS GENERAL ORDER FOR EXISTING MILK COW DAIRIES



Central Valley Dairy Representative Monitoring Program



Prepared and submitted to the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board by the Central Valley Dairy Representative Monitorina Program.

Voluntary monitoring program

Lagoon

Fields

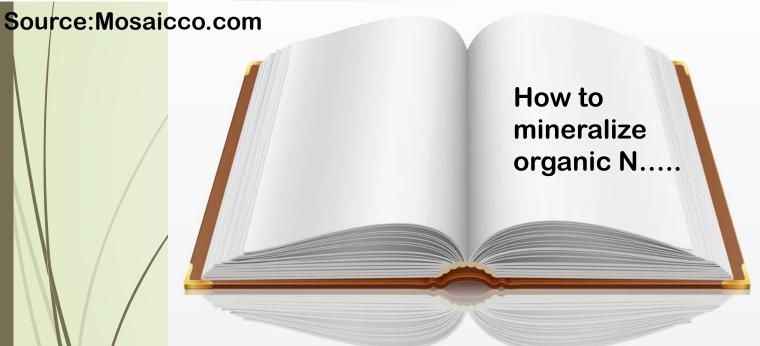
Animal housing

Off site

Figure 5.3.1.3m: Total nitrogen concentrations, animal housing (4 concentrations >150 mg/L are not shown)

https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/centralvalley/water issues/confined animal facilities/groundwater ronitoring/srmr_20190419.pdf





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Photo: Terry Dayhard's blog

Irrigation water management critical



NEW REGULATIONS COMING - 2020

What regulated entities and individuals need to know about changes in Nitrate and Salt compliance

What regulated entities and individuals need to know about changes in nitrate and salt compliance





Improved management
Irrigation uniformity and efficiency
Nitrogen
Detailed recordkeeping

Increased research to identify new practices

Improved relationship with agency staff



Ag Exemption 2004



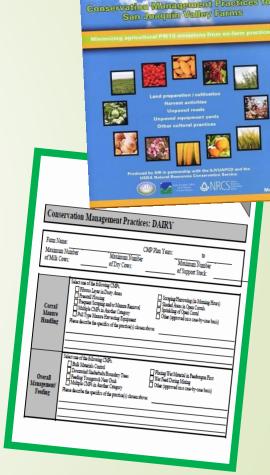
Air quality concern:

- Particulate matter: PM 10, PM fine
 - Sulfate, dust, soot, ash, salts, and other pollutants
 - Serious health risks



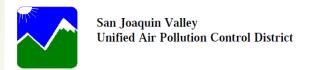
Rule 4550 - Conservation Management Practices (CMP; 12/31/2004)

- >100 acres of crops and/or >500 mature cows* (milk + dry cows)
- Feedlot & other CAFs >190* head
- Menu based approach, targeted areas around the operation
- Facilities inspected every 5 years



the "Green Sheets"





Air quality concern:

- Ozone: smog
 - Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
 - Volatile organic compounds (VOCs)
 - Sunlight and heat

San Joaquin Valley
Air Pollution Control District

Air Pollution Control Officer's
Determination of VOC Emission Factors
for Dairies



To reduce VOC emissions ...

Keep wet things wet





And dry things dry and under cover

Six Permitted Sources (2006, 2011)

- Select Mitigation Measures for each source:
 - Feed
 - **■**General
 - Silage
 - Milk Parlor
 - Cow Housing
 - **■**Freestalls
 - **■**Corrals
 - Liquid manure
 - Land application
 - **■** Solid manure





Funds for irrigation pumps, feed mixers, energy saving technologies



Improved silage management

Pack density

Cover management

Open face management

Reduced dust

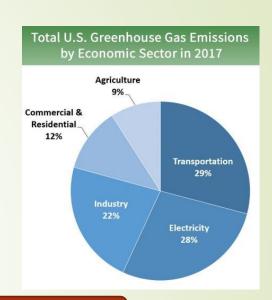


QUIZ



Globally livestock are responsible for the largest contribution to ghg (bigger than transportation)

In the United States livestock are responsible for the largest contribution to ghg (bigger than transportation)



FALSE

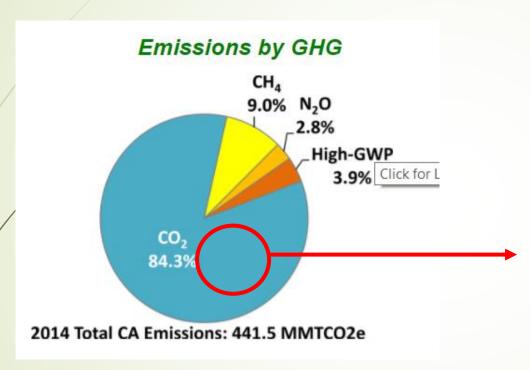
United States dairy sector strives to be net zero carbon by 2050

TRUE

California's carbon story due 2030 . . .



Greenhouse Gases



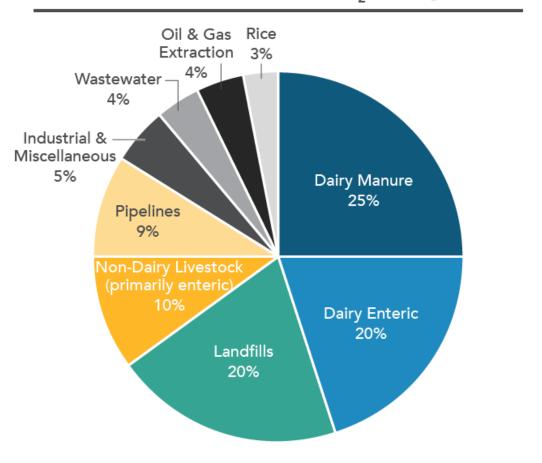
- Methane (CH4) 25X more global warming potential than CO2
- 59% of CH4 comes from Ag sources (primarily from manure + enteric fermentation)

SB32 – Reduction of Green house gases (GHG 2006) SB1383 – Short Lived Climate Pollutants (SLCP 2016)

24% · Industrial 24% · Industrial 24% · Transportation 424.1 MMTCO₂e 2017 TOTAL CA EMISSIONS

Why focus on manure methane?

2013 Methane: 118 MMTCO₂e (20-yr GWP)



SB1383 / SLCP Reduction Strategy

Roadmap/timeline identified in legislation

- Dairy industry, CDFA and other agencies and organizations
- Develop incentive-based development and research programs to fill-in data gaps.
- Identify and address technical, market, regulatory, and other challenges and barriers
- Develop/adopt regulations to reduce methane emissions by up to 40 percent below 2013 levels by 2030

SB1383 / SLCP Reduction Strategy



Implement regulations on or after January 1, 2024, if: (A) technologically feasible, (B) economically feasible considering milk and live cattle prices and the commitment of state, federal, and private funding, among other things, and that markets exist for the products generated ... methane emissions reduction projects, including composting, biomethane, and other products.



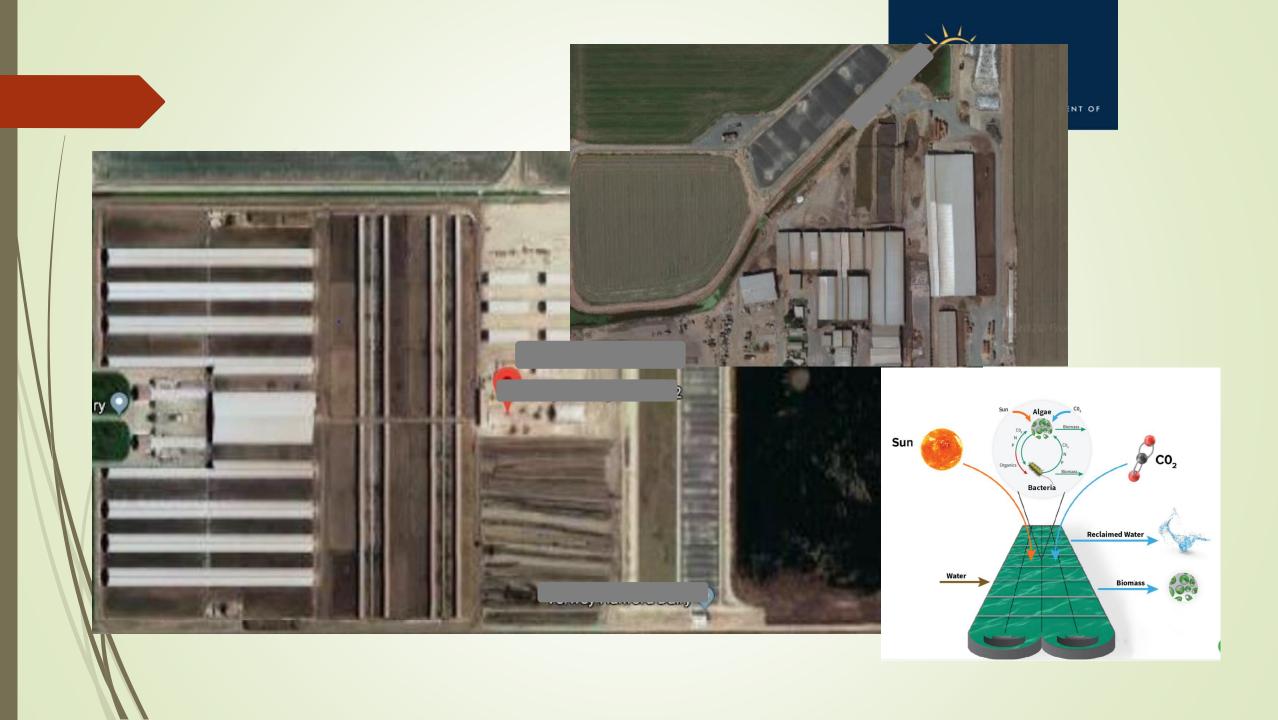
- Treat manure anaerobically
- Make and use biogas
- Replace natural gas or as vehicle fuel
- Predominantly NOT electricity production

https://www.cdfa.ca.gov/oefi/ddrdp/



Dai	iry
Dig	esters

Year	No.
2015	6
2017	16
2018	42
2019	43
	107





- Prevent manure solids from being in anaerobic conditions
- Need to document (verify) methane reductions achieved

https://www.cdfa.ca.gov/oefi/AMMP/

AMMP funded projects in CA

Year		No.
	2017	18
	2018	39
	2019	50
		107

AMMP

- conversion from flush to scrape
- solid separation then
 - dry,
 - spread,
 - solid storage or
 - composting









AMMP

- pasture-based management practices
 - convert to pasture-based,
 - ☐ increase time livestock spend at pasture, and/or
 - ☐ construct compost bedded pack barn.





\$250,000,000 State Cap and Trade funds Work closely with agencies to guide research











Work with -----**Producers** Regulatory agency staff Nutrient management consultants **Engineers** Citizen groups

If you're not at the table,

you're on the menu.

University of California Agriculture and Natural Resources





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Card by Amy Krouse Rosenthal (Author), Tom Lichtenheld (Illustrator)

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